

ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR, CRIME AND POLICING ACT 2014

SECTION 59

PUBLIC SPACES PROTECTION ORDER

**EXTENSION OF THE BEDFORD BOROUGH COUNCIL
CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL AND ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR
PUBLIC SPACES PROTECTION ORDER (PSPO) 2020**

The Bedford Borough Consumption of Alcohol and Anti-Social Behaviour Order 2020 (the Order”) was made on 10th December 2020 by Bedford Borough Council (‘the Council’).

The Order is extended because the Council is satisfied on reasonable grounds that doing so is necessary to prevent—

- (a) occurrence or recurrence after that time of the activities identified in the Order, or
- (b) an increase in the frequency or seriousness of those activities after that time.

CONTROL AREAS

The Order came into force on 16th December 2020 and applies to those of Bedford town centre as shown by purple shading on the attached map.

a) **RESTRICTIONS**

No person shall consume alcohol or have an open container of alcohol at any time in the area shown by purple shading on the attached map.

Nothing in this restriction shall apply to those premises to which section 62 of the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 applies as set out in Schedule 1 to this Order.

b) **PERIOD FOR WHICH THE ORDER HAS EFFECT**

The extension of the Order comes into force at 00.00 hours on 16 December 2023 and extends the period for which the Order is in force from 23.59 hours on 15th December 2023 to 23.59 hours on 15 December 2026

At any point before the expiry of this three-year period, the Council may review and vary the terms of the Order. As well as varying the Order the Council may also seek to discharge it at any time, subject to there being reasonable grounds to support such a decision.

c) **WHAT HAPPENS IF YOU FAIL TO COMPLY WITH THE RESITRICTIONS OF THIS ORDER?**

Section 67 Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 states:

- (1) It is an offence for a person without reasonable excuse:
 - a. to do anything that the person is prohibited from doing by a public spaces protection order, or
 - b. to fail to comply with a requirement to which a person is subject under a public spaces protection order.
- (2) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

- (3) A person does not commit an offence under this section by failing to comply with a prohibition or requirement that the local authority did not have power to include in the public spaces protection order.
- (4) Consuming alcohol in breach of a public spaces protection order is not an offence under this section (but see section 63)

Section 63 Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 states that:

- (1) This section applies where a constable or an authorised person reasonably believes that a person (P)-
 - a. is or has been consuming alcohol in breach of a prohibition in a public spaces protection order, or
 - b. intends to consume alcohol in circumstances in which doing so would be a breach of such a prohibition.

In this section “authorised person” means a person authorised for the purposes of this section by the local authority that made the public spaces protection order (or authorised by virtue of section 69(1))

- (2) The constable or authorised person may require P-
 - a. not to consume, in breach of the Order, alcohol or anything which the constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be alcohol;
 - b. to surrender anything in P’s possession which is, or which the constable or authorised person reasonably believes to be, alcohol or a container for alcohol.
- (3) A constable or an authorised person who imposes a requirement under subsection (2) must tell P that failing without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirement is an offence.
- (4) A requirement imposed by an authorised person under subsection (2) is not valid if the person-(a) is asked by P to show evidence of his or her authorisation, and (b) fails to do so.
- (5) A constable or an authorised person may dispose of anything surrendered under subsection (2)(b) in whatever way he or she thinks appropriate.
- (6) A person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a requirement imposed on him or her under subsection (2) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale.

ENFORCEMENT

You may be prosecuted in relation to any offence but an authorised person may instead issue a fixed penalty notice to anyone he or she believes has committed an offence. You will have 14 days to pay the fixed penalty of £75. If you pay the fixed penalty within 14 days you will not be prosecuted.

APPEALS

Any challenge to this order must be made in the High Court by an interested person within six weeks of it being made. An interested person is someone who lives in, regularly works in, or visits the restricted area. This means that only those who are directly affected by the restrictions have the power to challenge. The right to Challenge also exists where an order is varied by the Council.

Interested persons can challenge the validity of this order on two grounds, (i) that the Council did not have the power to make the order or include particular prohibitions or requirements; or (ii) that one of the requirements of the legislation has not been complied with.

When an application is made the High Court can decide to suspend the operation of the Order pending the Court's decision, in part or in totality. The High Court has the ability to uphold the Order, quash it, or vary it.

Dated: 11.12.23

The Common Seal of
Bedford Borough Council
was hereunto affixed in the presence of

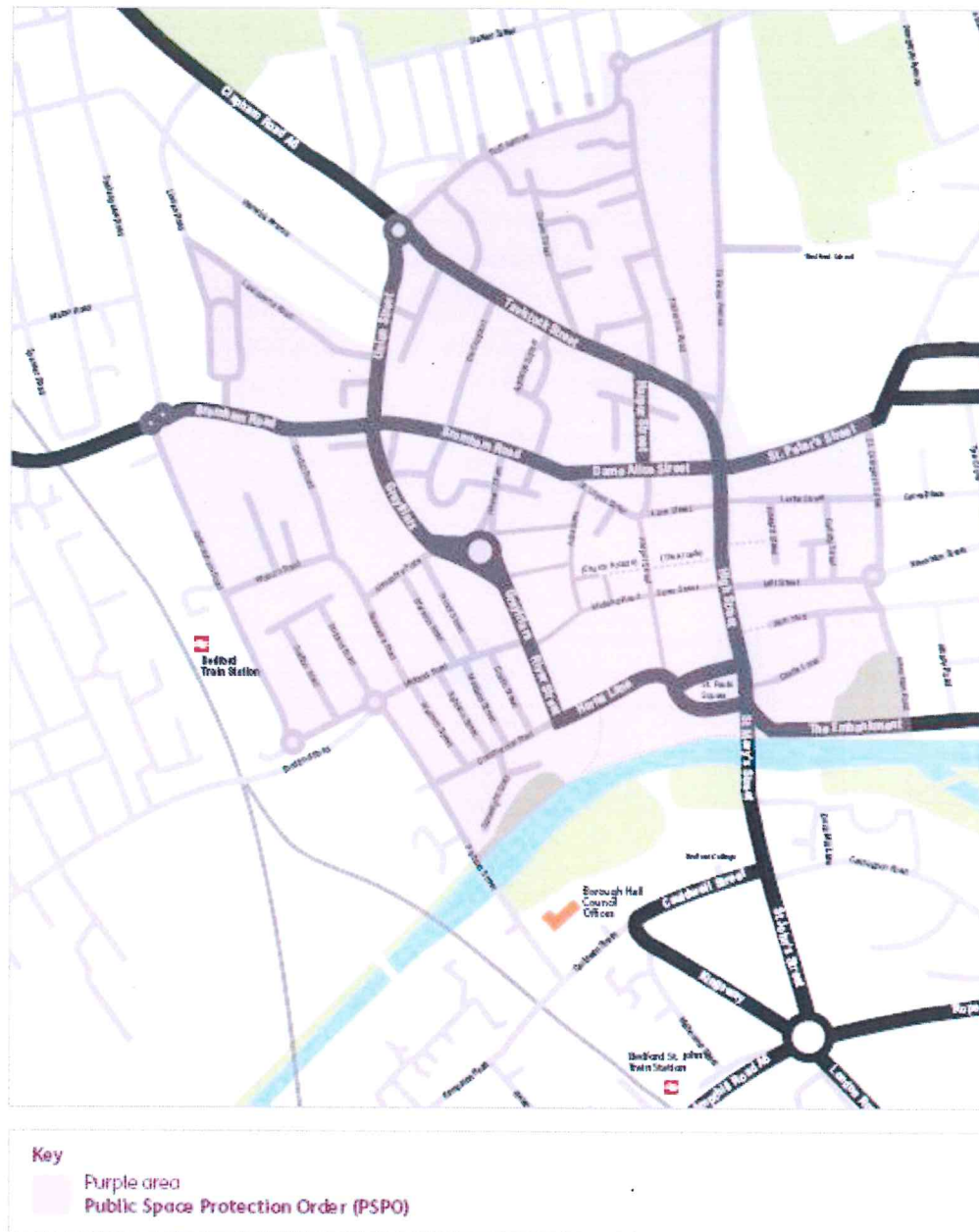


Signed: *Wai K. Tsang*
Wai K. Tsang
Solicitor
Legal Services
Bedford Borough Council

THE BEDFORD BOROUGH COUNCIL

**CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL AND ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR
PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER (PSPO) 2023**

Public Space Protection Order (PSPO)



Schedule 1

Exemptions under the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime & Policing Act 2014, section 62

Premises etc to which alcohol prohibition does not apply

- (1) A prohibition in a public spaces protection order on consuming alcohol does not apply to-
 - a. premises (other than council-operated licensed premises) authorised by a premises licence to be used for the supply of alcohol;
 - b. premises authorised by a club premises certificate to be used by the club for the supply of alcohol;
 - c. a place within the curtilage of premises within paragraph (a) or (b);
 - d. premises which by virtue of Part 5 of the Licensing Act 2003 may at the relevant time be used for the supply of alcohol or which, by virtue of that Part, could have been so used within the 30 minutes before that time;
 - e. a place where facilities or activities relating to the sale or consumption of alcohol are at the relevant time permitted by virtue of a permission granted under section 115E of the Highways Act 1980 (highway-related uses).
- (2) A prohibition in a public spaces protection order on consuming alcohol does not apply to council-operated licensed premises-
 - a. when the premises are being used for the supply of alcohol, or
 - b. within 30 minutes after the end of a period during which the premises have been used for the supply of alcohol.
- (3) In this section-
 - “club premises certificate” has the meaning given by section 60 of the Licensing Act 2003;
 - “premises licence” has the meaning given by section 11 of that Act;
 - “supply of alcohol” has the meaning given by section 14 of the Act.
- (4) For the purposes of this section, premises are “council-operated licensed premises” if they are authorised by a premises licence to be used for the supply of alcohol and-
 - a. the licence is held by a local authority in whose area the premises (or part of the premises) are situated, or
 - b. the licence is held by another person but the premises are occupied by a local authority or are managed by or on behalf of a local authority.